

when Rev. Mr. Cornellus of Pasadena

preached the sermon of the day, too.

The indebtedness, amounting to \$1300, was raised by subscription yesterday afternoon, and the church was dedicated clear.

people. It is one of the handsomest little churches in the county.

The music during the services was furnished by the First Presbyterian choir of this city.

THE PARKS YESTERDAY

Numerous Picnics by the Various Societies

While the devout of Los Angeles were worshipping in their churches yesterday, those of other minds were passing the Sabbath in their own fashion. Many, from foreign breeding or native indifference, chose to pass the day in gaiety and amusement rather than in meditation and prayer.

The Germans had a field day yesterday.

The picnic started with a street parade, at 10 a.m. The members of the society marched in the costumes of the Fatherland and decorated wains bore tableaux vivants, which made a fine display, especially the rosy-cheeked German maidens, in their bright waisies and headresses.

AT THE GARDENS.

On arriving at the gardens various games were played, such as egg and spoon, the boys' three-legged races, climbing the greased pole, etc., according to the programme. President Fisher then addressed the audience in the language of the liebe Fatherland, and his remarks drew forth much applause.

Several German songs were sung, and the audience is attested to enjoy themselves in dancing, drinking beer and

of fruit, which attracted much attention. It was of evergreens, completely covered with loops of California fruit of every variety. It was very handsome, and attracted much attention, it being the work of Mr. Wilson.

At dark the Chinese lanterns were lighted throughout the garden and in the little booths, where beer was sold at the picnic price, of five cents for half a glass. Melons, watermelons, and other fruit, and dancing was kept up until 11 o'clock p.m., when all went home. The whole affair was very enjoyable.

AT WASHINGTON GARDENS

The Knights of Labor held a picnic, and made a good success of it. The pleasant gardens were thronged throughout the day with a large and orderly crowd. Music, dancing, beer and good feeling made the hours pass quickly.

SECOND-STREET PARK.

At the second-street park the Danes of Los Angeles held a picnic. It is a little

nation should get together in Los Angeles, but they made quite a crowd, and had lots of fun. The crowd was as large or as large as at Armonthea Ford, but there were swans on all the same, and Joe Bayer bartenders poured out the beer like the ancient vikings. Music and dancing alternated at all times, and the swans danced with the zeal of ancient days.

PROSPECT PARK.

At Prospect Park a large crowd assembled to see the game of ball, and between the innings slaked their thirst at the bar beneath the stand. This crowd, unlike the others, was almost exclusively American.

Thus, it will be seen that, while the old and orthodox religious observance of Sunday is still a strong force in the community, running concurrent with it is a strong stream of secular amusement with which many citizens find the day. It is a satisfactory token of the spirit of the age, and of the way and neither implies nor implies the liberty of

TO INGLEWOOD.
This morning at 7 o'clock the first train containing a part of the excursion to Inglewood will leave the Santa Fe depot. The second section will leave at 9:55 a.m.
At 11 o'clock a.m. the laying of the cornerstone of the Freeman College of Applied Sciences will take place. Hon. L. A. Sheldon, Rev. W. Stevenson, Bishop Bowman and Col. D. Freeman will participate, and a general good time is promised. Returning trains will leave Inglewood at 1 p.m., 3:10 p.m. and 6:24 p.m.

A BOLD THIEF.
How a Sharp Detective Camped on

Some time ago a couple of sets of screw plates, valued at \$60, were stolen from the engine house of the Temple-street cable line and suspicion was directed against a discharged employe named R. H. Thompson. This man when he left the company threatened to get even with them, and shortly after the screw plates disappeared. The matter was reported at police head-

to look after the case. The officer soon located Thompson in a house on Banker Hill avenue, south of second, where he had a room rented, and yesterday morning during his absence gained an entrance and found the stolen property, which was taken to the police station. Officer Dorsey was then set

ing when he saw Thompson unlock the door to the room where the tools were found he placed him under arrest and brought him to the station, where he was questioned by the Chief, after which he was booked for grand larceny. The officers have what looks like a straight case against Thompson, who will be prosecuted to the

A Cutting Scrap.
A rather peculiar affair occurred near the corner of Alameda and Turner streets last evening about 7 o'clock. As Officer Rowan was coming up town in the patrol wagon, he saw a man standing up against the

cut by a Mexican, who lives on Sepulveda street. He wanted to bring the injured man to the police station. In the wagon but his companion declined the offer, and said that he would take him home. Officer Rowan reported the affair at the police station, and as the man who did the cutting is known, it is possible that a warrant may be

visited the locality last night, but as it was quite late the particulars of the affair could not be learned.

A Disorderly House
Edward Huntington was arrested Saturday night by Deputy Rogers on a warrant charging him with keeping a disorderly house.

It is alleged that Huntington's place, on Pico street, beyond the city limits, is the same kind of a place as the disreputable Flag cottage, and the people in his neighborhood are determined to have it suppressed, if it is possible to do so by legal means.

F. D. Williams was arrested by Officer Lee on New High street, last evening, for disturbing the peace. John Dawson was also booked as a witness.

THEY SWIM LIKE FISH.

GAY-SCENES AT THE CHICAGO NATATORIUM.

How the Old Men, the Boys, the Girls and the Women Take a Dip These Hot Afternoons—Becoming Experts in Short Order.

[Chicago Herald.]

"Can you swim?" was asked of a young lady, whose rosy cheeks and flashing black eyes, erect carriage and air of fascinating gracefulness bespoke perfect health as well as physical beauty.

"Oh, yes, we all do, don't you know?" was the enthusiastic response, while the black eyes sparkled with an added brilliancy. "It's just delightful, and makes one feel so good. I wouldn't miss my morning plunge and swimming lesson for the world." The two young ladies were seated in a street car, and were oblivious of all surroundings, and the hearty reply of the beautiful young woman was overheard by a staid looking old gentleman from the Quaker City, who was visiting Chicago for the first time. With a blank look upon his generally expressionless face, the old gentleman turned to his friend and inquired: "Do the young ladies of Chicago actually take swimming lessons?"

"Indeed they do," was the reply, "and my two daughters can swim a great deal better than ever their father could, and I was counted among the best when I was young."

Yes, the young ladies of Chicago do swim, and most gracefully, too. Though a thousand miles from the seashore, and therefore deprived of the delights of sporting in the dancing waves and rolling surf of Old Ocean, they can eclipse in aquatic gracefulness and skill their more delicate and highly favored sisters in the effete East. The lithe and strong and well-developed ladies of the West do not spend weeks in designing a stunning bathing costume, which will properly display the graceful figures as they promenade the beach, and never wet the dainty toes of their silken stockings. They do not require the strong arm of some fashionable acquaintance to lead them knee deep into the water, nor are they content with a few gentle duckings which scarcely penetrate the overlapping folds of their bathing dress. Not they. The Chicago lady wants to swim, she longs to buffet the waves with lusty sinews, and to propel herself through the water with an ease and lightness which is as graceful as it is charming and delightful. And she succeeds, too, as the Chicago girl does in everything she undertakes. It would be surprising to learn the number of young ladies, married and single, who have successfully mastered the subtle art of swimming, and who can disport themselves in the transparent waters of the beautiful lakes which have become the resorts of the beauty and fashion of the western cities.

This healthful and pleasurable exercise has been fostered and encouraged by the natatoriums of Chicago, which, during the summer months, become the resort of the ladies and gentlemen, the boys and girls of Chicago. There the art of swimming is taught by experienced instructors, and there the delicate muscles of the beautiful leader of society attain a development which combines grace of symmetry with the health-giving element of strength. There are two of these swimming schools or natatoriums in Chicago, one on the West side and one on the North Side, and they are arranged with every regard for the pleasure and comfort of their patrons, as well as for the great object in view—that of perfecting the men and women and the boys and girls in the very necessary and thoroughly delightful science of swimming. In these schools there are placed huge cemented tanks of water, which are about 120 feet long by about 40 feet wide, and gradually increasing in depth from two to eleven feet. There are also private dressing-rooms for each bather if desired, and a discipline and courtesy and a nice regard for the proprieties which invite the utmost confidence and contribute to the enjoyment, ease and perfect security of the aquatically-zealous patrons.

The hours for the ladies are from 9 o'clock in the morning until 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and during this time the institution is as strictly barred against the entrance of a male intruder as the Sultan's harem. The confining chatter and the merry laughter of the delighted bathers or the exhilarating splash of the water as it receives the gracefully plunging form of some more daring swimmer are the only sounds which are wafted through the chinks and crannies of the intervening closing walls, and suggest the unrestrained and healthful revelry within.

At the West Side establishment fully 100 ladies daily avail themselves of the delights of a bath. Bright-eyed and strong-limbed mothers, with their beautiful daughters; young wives in the full flush of their perfect loveliness, and young maidens who reign supreme by reason of their beauty and accomplishments in the higher realms of polite society. The bathing costumes are marvels of beauty and simplicity. A single garment, generally of some striking figure and design, which clings closely to the form. The sleeves are short, and the bifurcated extremities fit closely below the knees, affording full and uncontrolled motion. All the ladies provide their own bathing dresses, and the result is a charming array of colors, which, in sports of the bath, and the evolutions of the fair swimmers, make up a scene of kaleidoscopic beauty. Mrs. George Macey is the instructor at this establishment, and under her skillful direction the ladies speedily acquire a confidence and graceful ease in the water that is surprising.

"Courage and presence of mind are the chief requisites of a swimmer," said the courteous manager, "and the ladies far excel the gentlemen in these qualities. Naturally graceful and courageous, the ladies become expert swimmers in a much more quickly than men. The first thing to do is to overcome their timidity, and this is very soon accomplished. They are first taught the necessary motion in shallow water. A rope suspended from a traveling wheel over head, to which is attached a strap that is fastened around the body of the novice, is all that is necessary to inspire confidence in the most timid. They realize that they cannot sink under any circumstances, and they devote their entire attention to the movements of the teacher. In a very short time they acquire the motions of arms and limbs, and some ladies have swam the width of the tank unaided after three lessons. About six lessons, however, are generally necessary to fully instruct a beginner in the first principles of swimming, which are to keep afloat and to propel the body forward by the regular motion of the hands and feet. Then comes the instruction in the proper method of breathing, which is to take a full breath before each stroke and while the head is out of the water. This is easily acquired, and in a short time the beginner is as much at home in the water as though she had been used to it all her life. Then comes the diving boards, the trapeze, the flying rings, the backward plunges, and the high drop, and these come naturally and by regular degrees according to the disposition or agility of the swimmer. Some ladies, with a jolly laugh, will boldly jump from the gallery platform, which is twenty feet above the surface of the water, and think nothing of it. Others will swing by their arms on the rings and plunge forward ten feet before they touch the water, and then will swim twenty feet under water. Ladies can dive and float, tread water, and propel themselves by the movement of their arms, as well as the best male swimmer I ever saw."

"Don't they get tired of it after a while?"

"Tired! Why we have some ladies who have been coming here for five years and they are not tired yet." Another thing induces a great many ladies to take swimming lessons. They wish to surprise their husbands with their accomplishments. They generally go during the summer to some resort where fishing, boating and bathing are the regular recreations. If they have learned to swim they take particular delight in bravely breaking away from the protecting arms of their careful husbands during the first bath in lake or river, and go skimming through the water with an ease and grace which transfixes with astonishment the surprised spouse, who, up to that time, was profoundly ignorant of the fact that his beautiful and graceful wife could swim. Among those who have so admirably acquired the graceful art and become expert swimmers at the West Side institution, are Mrs. Dr. Byford, Mrs. Crobbie, Mrs. William Goodman, Mrs. T. Goodman, Miss Garratt, Miss Seymour, Mrs. Marine, Mrs. Libby, Mrs. Briden, Mrs. W. H. Russell, Mrs. W. L. French, Miss Ella Bradley, Miss Lizzie Jenkins, Miss Lulu Heckler, Miss Fannie Unger, Mrs. George Harding and her charming daughters, Laura Whitlock, Laura Eshelman, Mrs. Dr. Somer and daughter, Miss Willard, Miss Blake, Mrs. A. C. Mallory and a host of other ladies whose names are inscribed high upon the roll of social leaders, whose homes are the happiest, whose graces of person and manner are universally admired, and who are the truest and best types of that perfect womanhood which elevate and advance the civilization of an age.

At the North Side Natatorium Miss May Glennon has a regular class of about 50 ladies, all of whom are proficient and enthusiastic devotees of the delightful science. Among the most accomplished of these ladies are Mrs. Clowry, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Piersheim, Mrs. Memory, the Misses Rush and Miss Krohn.

There can be no denial of the pleasing fact that a few hours spent in the exhilarating delight of a swimming school are wonderfully conducive to the health, the gracefulness, the symmetrical development and the true enjoyment of the ladies who contribute so much to make Chicago a city of homes, of pleasure and refinement. But the ladies do not monopolize all of this delightful exercise. The male portion of humanity is also largely given to this muscle-training aquatic sport, and many of the men have become expert swimmers and regular attendants at these natatoriums. Prof. Thomas Botvyl of the West Side has instructed in the graceful art a number of Chicago's most eminent citizens. Charley Kern, the restaurateur and political magnate, whose handsome figure briefly clad in the diminutive costume of a bather is a frequent and a pleasurable episode in natatorium experience. Bishop Cheney the most interesting and intellectual of the theologians of Chicago, is a passionate lover of the bungee basin as gracefully as the tunic of a swimmer, and skims through the limpid water of the tank with all the enthusiasm and gusto of a youth of 14. Judge Richard M. Tutill shakes off the judicial ermine, and in a costume almost Adamite in its brevity, dives and plunges, turns somersaults and swims about the bungee basin as gracefully as the tunic of a swimmer, while Lawyer Charley Hardy forgets the complications of jury-bribing in the surroundings of clear water and a merry crowd of congenial bathers. Carter H. Harrison, Jr., and ex-Judge Barnum disport themselves like merry sea kings in the nicely-tempered water; and here also go for a daily half-hour's enjoyment Dr. Lyman Weir, Dr. Hyde, Adolph and William Lieb, Michael Ulrich, Abraham Strauss, Hugo Goodman, Dr. Ingals, and a long list of the leading merchants and professional lights of the south and west divisions of the city.

Prof. Harry Harrison, the champion swimmer of England, instructs the swimmers at the North Side Natatorium, and he has produced some wonderful experts.

For real and thorough hilarious enjoyment, however, the juvenile portion of the community takes the prize. The youngsters generally seek the natatoriums during the afternoons, and a jolly time they have. There is, perhaps, no more thoroughly enjoyable scene than that presented by a hundred or more boys in a semi-circular state, hilariously disporting themselves in the great tank of a natatorium. Their ages will range from 8 years to 18, and a happier or more frolicsome crew can nowhere else be seen. With loud halloo and joyous salutation they plunge about in the water. They swing high in air upon trapeze and rings; they jump from cross-beam, spring-board and gallery; they dive for dimes and nickles, and swim under water for a rod or more. Smilingly they stand under the cooling shower-bath, or play a jolly game of tag in the water. Like so many imps of mischief they pounce upon an elderly and timid bather, and with laugh and shout make life a burden to the unfortunate who has dared to intrude upon the juvenile hour. The boys, from the youngest to the eldest, swim like fish, and the art seems to come naturally to them. There is scarcely a motion they have not mastered. They can swim "overhand," Indian fashion, "dog fashion," on their sides, their backs and on their breasts. They can tumble like a porpoise or leap like a sea lion, and every movement is grace itself. For perfect abandon and unalloyed fun and jollity, the juveniles have certainly the best of all other participants in the sports of this bungee aquarium. "The boys enjoy themselves thoroughly," said Prof. Harrison, "and at the same time are acquiring an art that will be a lasting benefit and pleasure to them. Look at those fellows. Everyone of them is strong limbed, straight as an arrow and with muscles like iron. They have full confidence in themselves, and as brave as heroes in the water. There isn't a boy there over twelve years of age who could not save a grown person from drowning, and who would not take pride in doing so. Every one of those fellows I have taught to swim in six lessons of a half hour each, and they will never forget it as long as they live. Boys and girls and women should all be taught to swim, and humanity would be all the better and the stronger for it." And then the bereaucratic professor donned his swimming trunks and gave an exhibition of his skill, which was almost miraculous.

There has grown up quite recently a jolly custom among the higher classes which whittles away a sum of the evening in a most delightful manner. A social party is given at the residence of some society leader and a number of ladies and gentlemen are invited. It is not a warm dance, games are tiresome and cards exacting, and something must be devised to amuse the company. After the usual social goings and comings, when the light repast has been disposed of, the entire company provide themselves with mysterious little bundles which they brought with them. They wend their way to the natatorium, which has been duly cleared in anticipation of their coming. Ladies and gentlemen seek their respective dressing-rooms, and in a few minutes they emerge, prepared for the bath. The natty costumes of the ladies and the sturdy semi-clad figures of the males furnish all the ingredients for a spirited picture. In another moment the entire party is in the water, splashing and plunging about like sea kings and mermaids, and a most enchanting hour is indulged in. The party then resumes its street attire, and after a glass of wine and a cracker separates with high good humor and the consciousness of having had a glorious time. This is the latest fad of the best society, and a jolly one it is. A number of these bathing parties have already been given this season, and more are on the cards. If the fun-loving Chicagoan cannot go to the seashore and sport upon the dashing waves of Old Ocean, he can give a party at home and take his wife or his best girl to the natatorium and have a royal good time. For recreation and pleasure, for health and strength, for grace and agility, and for a most delightful season of rare enjoyment for young or old, the natatorium is the most popular and beneficial.

"Twelve years ago," said Prof. Botvyl, "a swimming school was unknown in Chicago. There wasn't a boy or a lady, and but very few men, who knew how to swim according to any fixed rule, and today there are thousands, all accomplished swimmers and able to take care of themselves in the water under any circumstances. The first exhibition given in a natatorium in Chicago attracted about half a dozen spectators, and only four men could be found in the city to take part in the exhibition. Now the regular classes number about 2000 a season, and the young boys and girls can skim through or under the water more gracefully and scientifically than some professional swimmers could do some years ago."

"Is swimming difficult to learn?"

"Not at all. I have never seen a boy or girl man or woman that did not learn to swim after making the attempt. Now, there are certain rules which must be observed and certain qualities that are necessary. Above all things perfect coolness and self-possession is required, and the beginner must first learn to have confidence in himself. After this result has been achieved the rest is easy. Almost everyone knows instinctively how to strike out in swimming, but when they get in the water for the first time they forget all about it. They go floundering about, puffing away like porpoises, and the first thing they know they are exhausted and have to be fished out with a pole to save them from drowning. This feeling of timidity and excitement soon wears away, and then the novice begins to learn how to manage himself easily and without fatigue in the water. Now, the first thing for a swimmer to do is to throw the body forward in the water, the hands stretched out straight before him, the palms downward and the thumbs just touching. Then the hands and arms should be brought back slowly until they are on a straight line with the shoulder, and the palms should be brought quickly together

again under the chin. The leg stroke, which should immediately follow the action of the hands and arms, is made by drawing the legs up close to the body and then kicking out exactly like a frog. The toes should be pointed and placed close together while the stroke is completed so as to offer no obstruction to the swift passage of the body through the water. The head should be thrown well back, but not stiffly; the mouth will generally be above water after each stroke, and then the breathing can be done regularly and easily before the commencement of the next stroke. There is no necessity for beginning the second stroke until the momentum given by the feet in the first one has ceased. Thus the hands and legs are never in motion at the same time, and the swimmer has a powerful and constant work. This is all the preliminary instruction that is necessary. The rest depends entirely upon practice. After a beginner has learned this stroke thoroughly the rest comes easy, and he can soon dive and float, eat and drink under the water, lie flat on the bottom, and a great many other things that seem almost impossible at first. When the great danger from the wrecking of excursion steamers and the many sad cases of accidental drowning are considered, no man, woman or child should remain in ignorance of the art of swimming if they have the opportunity of learning, and parents particularly should see that their boys learn to swim in some safe place before they allow them to go in bathing in the rivers and lakes in the country.

TOPOLABAMPO.

The Colony Now Reported to Be Prospering.

[San Diego Sun.] F. M. Campbell, the local representative of the Credit Foncier of Sinaloa and the colony of Topolobampo, is in receipt of recent information from the colony, which is in pleasant contrast to the reports sent out last year.

According to the present reports the colony is in a highly prosperous condition. The health of the people is good, the sickness which prevailed last winter on the arrival of so many emigrants for whom no provision had or could be made, having entirely disappeared. The crops planted early in the season have all turned out well, and there is ample to spare for everybody. These facts have brought contentment to the people.

During the past few days a party of fifteen persons from New York city arrived at the colony, having with them an outfit for a newspaper, and a weekly paper is now to be published regularly.

Another tract of land has just been purchased by the colonists, and will be put into crops this season. Mr. Campbell, who spent some seven months at and about Topolobampo, says the natural advantages are great. The climate and the soil are perfect, and nature has done everything that a rational person could expect. But many of the colonists were disappointed because they did not find in the natural wilds of the peninsula a great city already prepared for their occupancy.

Cuttings: a Grape Crop.

[Escandido Times.] Ed Merriam, with a force of 30 men, commenced cutting the grape crop in the company's 140-acre vineyard for raisins on Tuesday. It would be a novel spectacle for our eastern friends to witness this force of men cutting the immense bunches of muscat, placing them on trays and putting them on the drying ground to remain until cured. They only have to be turned once, and it usually takes from three to four weeks for them to cure.

Why Not?

[Brooklyn Standard.] If the Mills Bill is really a protection measure, as Mills now says it is, why would not Samuel J. Randall vote for it? He knows a protection measure as well as any Republican.

Dats and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

\$15,000 WORTH

—OF—

=: HATS: =

—AND—

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS!

Comprising the damaged stock of

Desmond, the Hatter,

—HAS BEEN REMOVED TO—

No. 10 W. FIRST ST., UNDER NATICK HOUSE

Where they must be sold regardless of cost.

Sale commences THURSDAY, September 13th.

Desmond, the Hatter.

NICOLL, THE TAILOR.

PANTS SUITS

—TO ORDER—

—TO ORDER—

From \$5 to \$15. From \$20 to \$65.

68 N. MAIN ST., LOS ANGELES.

\$7.00 \$7.00
—FOR—
\$3.50 \$3.50

DEWEY MAKES HIS ELEGANT AND FINEST FINISHED \$7.00
cabinet photos for \$3.50 per dozen, guaranteed as good as any \$7.00 cabinet made in the State. Family groups, babies and children a specialty. Developing, printing and finishing for amateurs. Every body invited to call and see work.
DEWEY'S ART PARLORS, 37, 39 & 41 S. Main St., Los Angeles.

Crockery and Glassware.

The Last Chance!

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24,

WILL BE CLEARANCE DAY WITH US!

All Damaged Goods Remaining on Hand Must Be Sold,
and Prices Will Be Made Accordingly.

POSITIVELY THE LAST DAY!

Of Our Sacrifice Sale.

POHLHAUS & VOLLMER,

No. 6 North Spring Street.

Pipe Works.

P.O. BOX

1251,

Los Angeles,

Cal.

LACY WARD & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

SHEET IRON

WELL AND WATER PIPE.

Iron Tanks and All Classes of Sheet Iron Work.

Factory: Foot of Lecouvreur Street, East Los Angeles.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

The Public Schools.
LOS ANGELES, Sept. 21.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] The parents and patrons of the public schools of this city have watched with a lively interest the discussion of the condition of our schools, because many of them knew well their condition before this discussion commenced. They have long known that they have not been getting the very best possible results from the money expended on our public schools; and they have a sort of creed that in school matters, as in almost everything else (but especially in school matters, on account of their great importance to the future welfare of their children), there is no reason, as a rule, why they should not receive the very best results that the money they expend for schools will secure. Can any person give the shadow of a reason why they should be content with only one-half or three-quarters of the "value received" that they are entitled to for their money. Instead of the full value, or to the best possible results obtainable? Now, will anybody pretend that, with a large proportion of our schools as "half-day" schools, and the teachers receiving full pay, and from 50 to 75 per cent. higher pay than is received in many eastern cities, Los Angeles is getting full value of the best possible results for its money?

It is readily conceded that there has been a large increase in the attendance, and that the situation has been difficult. All situations are to a greater or less extent beset with difficulties; but the question our people will inevitably ask, is, Has the School Board been equal to the situation? and to this query, in the opinion of many parents, there can be but one answer. No. The board will say that it had not sufficient money to build all the school-houses that were needed. True; but it could rent, and tide over the difficulty until the Council and private parties do, till money could be raised by hook or crook to erect its own buildings. Whenever the fire department needs houses for its engines, etc., it rents them without any serious difficulty. That department of the city government is equal to the occasion. Why should not the School Board be, or resign, and give place to others who will not be so easily vanquished? Let the board, with an adequate comprehension of its really serious duties, wake up and rent a room in every locality throughout the city where it fails to see this obvious truth, and to act in accordance with it. Let it rent a room in every locality where it fails to see this obvious truth, and to act in accordance with it. Let it rent a room in every locality where it fails to see this obvious truth, and to act in accordance with it.

The people of Los Angeles are rich enough and intelligent enough to rent or build houses, not only for themselves to live in, but also for their children to be educated in. The Board of Education is lacking in discretion when it fails to see this obvious truth, and to act in accordance with it. Let it rent a room in every locality where it fails to see this obvious truth, and to act in accordance with it. Let it rent a room in every locality where it fails to see this obvious truth, and to act in accordance with it.

The Money for the Schools.
LOS ANGELES, Sept. 22.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] In reference to the "dry rot" in the public schools system of this city, would it not be well to inquire whether the disease is not merely local but constitutional? The money for the support of the public schools comes mainly to us from the State treasury. We pay the poll taxes, and a large portion of the State levy for school purposes which is sent to Sacramento, and we get back an amount greater or less than we have paid. For some years after this system went into effect, we were fortunate or unfortunate enough to receive more than we paid, but for the last few years we have been among those that pay for other schools than their own.

One vice of this system, as it appears to me, consists in the provision of law that provides that all the school money derived "through the State treasury shall be used for no other purpose than the payment of teachers." Under this system, we will suppose a county or city receives a large amount through the State than was paid to the State by the taxpayers thereof, and we will suppose that this amount was larger than was needed to pay the teachers and economical management of the school system then existing in such city, however much increased school accommodation might be needed, it matters not how small a portion of the children of school age could be admitted, this money could be used for no other purpose than the payment of teachers, if the result would not be the intentional employment of more than the necessary number of teachers, or the making their salaries higher than adequate remuneration for their services. It would certainly have a tendency to create a carelessness in such expenditure that would not exist were the financial means better adapted to the end required. On the other hand, take a city like ours (that is, increasing in population so rapidly, and while our proportion of contribution to the State school fund is proportionately increased, and our need of increased school accommodation keeps pace with our other improvements, our proportion of money from the State school fund lags behind. The more we need it the more we don't get it, and if we did, we could not use it where we most need it, that is to increase our school accommodation.

The declared policy and intention of this law was to have the State school money go where it is most needed, regardless of where it comes from, but to me it seems completely at fault in its object. It sends an overplus to a dead or dying community, at the cost of the detriment of a live and growing one; takes from the one that needs it most and give where it is least required. If the amount remaining on hand of this State school money at the end of the school year could be used for increased school accommodations, it would remove part of the objection to the system, but my objection goes further; it goes to the injustice and impolicy of State iron-clad regulations of local taxation and the expenditure of the money. I see no necessity for the money going to Sacramento. I see no necessity for one community to pay taxes for the use of another, and I see no real benefit to the community receiving more than its just share.

Respectfully, FATHER.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Painting paper hanging, etc. first-class work at moderate prices; send postal card for estimates to J. Ashmore & Co., 122 S. Main st., bet. Second and Third, L. A.

Has removed to Santa Monica and is located on the beach, second cottage north of Santa Monica bathhouse. Diseases of women and children a specialty. Consultation free. P. O. Box 38.

Paints, Oils and Varnishes.
P. H. Matthews, corner Second and Los Angeles streets. Specialty, the finest quality of mixed paints, St. Louis lead and Sassafras oil. Odd Fellows, go to the Vienna Buffet, corner of Main and Bequeena streets.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Alhambra.
THE EXPLOITS OF STATESMAN HUNT.
ALHAMBRA, Sept. 20.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] Muscatines are producing this year the finest grapes ever seen in this vicinity. The usual tendency of this variety is to drop the berries, leaving irregular, straggling bunches, while this season each bunch is full and plump, and many of immense proportions.

A gentleman who went home rather late from the Democratic pow-wow Saturday evening spent a futile half hour in attempting to light his lamp with the contents of a box of felt corn-plasters. Query—If one Democratic meeting will thus demoralize the head of one family, what will four years of Democratic administration do for the whole country?

The dedication of the First Presbyterian Church will take place on Sunday day at 2 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Cornelius of the First Church of Pasadena will deliver the sermon, and the music will be furnished by the choir of the First Presbyterian Church of Los Angeles. A large attendance is anticipated and every preparation made to receive them. The building adds greatly to the architectural features of Alhambra and has already been the means of bringing additional families to the town.

Alhambra placed one more feather in her cap yesterday in her hospitable attentions to the visiting John A. Logan G. A. R. Post. The clerk of the weather provided a perfect day for the occasion. Every one wore a wreath of smiles and the scepter of content was in every hand. There were many among the visitors who made their first appearance in Alhambra, and they marvelled that such a lovely spot could really be on earth, and they pinched themselves and murmured of Eden and Paradise and all the et cetera of human future anticipations.

The display of fruit was simply wonderful and would have driven that robust female, Pomona, wild with fury, could she have been present to see it.

It was the Democrats' turn to have a rally last Saturday evening. With the assistance of a goodly number of Republicans, they mustered quite a little gathering. There were five ladies present to grace the occasion.

Mr. Ling, the first speaker, spread consternation among the Republican listeners by the announcement that if Harrison should, by any hook or crook, become elected, 250,000,000 Chinese would immediately swarm in through the Golden Gate and sweep all other humanity from this continent. Mr. Ling worked himself up to a great heat, but did not discharge only as far as to unbutton his vest its full length.

Mr. Hunt was the other speaker, and having been employed last spring in tilling the soil of the San Gabriel Wine Company's vineyard, was supposed to know something of the crying needs of the workingmen. Mr. Hunt is of immense stature, and not to be abashed by his hearers, came down from the rostrum to the floor, and as his eloquence moved him, worked himself half way up the aisle. He promised the workingman that on the election of Cleveland each and every one of them should have a fine house, with elegant carpets on the floor and handsome pictures on the wall. As this beat the mule and 40-cent promise, it was received with wild applause. Mr. Hunt would make a fair end-man in a provincial minstrel show, but when after calling Republicans liars and the party one of infamy, he winds up his speech by saying he has not abused his opponents, he should simply resign as a public speaker.

University Place.

UNIVERSITY PLACE, Sept. 22.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] University Place has the very best of educational facilities. For small children, under 6 years of age, is a kindergarten, which will open about October 1st, in the new building in the rear of Thomas Lloyd's office on Simpson street. The public school opens about October 1st with Mr. Smith and Miss Wiseman as teachers. The schoolhouse is situated on the extension of University street in the Newman tract, and is just being completed. It will cost \$9500. Mrs. L. A. Bennett opens a private school at her residence on Haven street about October 3d. It is to prepare pupils to enter the academic department of the university. The university opened last Wednesday morning with a larger attendance than ever before. Bishop Bowman and President Bovard made addresses. The annual reception to the university faculty was held at the residence of President Bovard on Thursday evening. Representatives of the different colleges of the university were present, besides Bishop Bowman and several ministers and their wives.

A pink and white social was held at the residence of Dr. Charles Pratt, on Santa Monica avenue, last Thursday evening, under the auspices of the Young People's Christian Association. A very enjoyable time was had. Ice-cream and water-melons were the refreshments.

Rev. W. C. Warner has been returned to this charge, in accordance with a resolution passed by the last quarterly conference of the church. President M. B. Ward will preach at the M. E. Church Sunday morning. Rev. W. S. Bovard, who graduated from the University last year, has received an appointment as pastor of Kentucky-street M. E. Church, San Francisco. We wish him success in his new field of labor.

Rev. W. L. Douglas, of the East New York conference, presiding at the church last Sunday morning, and Rev. Pattee, of the Kansas conference, in the evening.

A good restaurant or hotel is badly needed in this place. A good opening for an enterprising man. G. A. S.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Vienna Buffet, with its energetic management and excellent kitchen, is the leading place in the city.

Be sure and try the mercantile lunch (first in the city) served every day at the Vienna Buffet.

Vienna Buffet, corner Main and Bequeena streets, for good, nourishing food.

Private entrance for ladies to the Vienna Buffet, on Bequeena street.

Use German family soap.

"Ring Up 666, Please!"

FOR GASOLINE AND OIL.

Syphon free to consumers. Hunt's Oil Depot, NO. 221 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

Lubricating Oil a Specialty.

Chas. E. Conklin : : : Proprietor.

JOHN P. CULVER,

CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEER

AND SURVEYOR

Water developed and handled and works

NO. 242 N. MAIN ST.

YOU

are hustling around for your share of the world's good gifts, and it's hard work: think of something else.

This constant work will tell sometime—perhaps it has already—and nervousness, sleeplessness, neuralgic and rheumatic aches and pains are part of the "good gifts" your hustling has won.

If you are that way, let us give you a prescription—no charge for the prescription, though it will cost a dollar to have it filled by your druggist.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND of.

All druggists keep it. It will strengthen your nerves, tone up your whole system, and make you bless us for prescribing this great nerve tonic. Be sure to get the genuine, prepared only by WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

Furniture

Together with the

EYE, EAR AND HEART.

Successfully treated by

W. M. HILTON WILLIAMS

M. D., M. C. P. S. O.

And associated with him his brother,

J. A. WILLIAMS, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon, late of Grand Rapids, Mich.

Specialist in all forms of female complaints and all chronic diseases of the blood, etc.

Hollenbeck Block, corner Spring and Second Sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

LEADERS OF POPULAR PRICES!

—THE—

PACIFIC FURNITURE CO.

Now for a jump at once to the front for the lead of the fall business. We are satisfied the only way to get the trade is to give

The Biggest Value for a Dollar!

We are enabled to accomplish this by having our representatives east, who are constantly visiting the leading markets and purchasing

AT EXTREMELY LOW FIGURES!

We patronize no travelers, thereby giving the public the advantage of their enormous expense and commission.

CALL AND CONVINCE YOURSELF.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

PACIFIC FURNITURE CO.,

226, 228 & 230 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

LANE & SHEEHAN, 404 S. Spring St.,

MARBLE WORKS.

MONUMENTS,

HEADSTONES,

Mantels,

AND

All Kinds of Cemetery Work.

I. O. O. F.

Jewelry at Bartlett's,

18 WEST FIRST ST. Reliable Goods. Bottom Prices.

Lumber.

CO-OPERATIVE LUMBER COMPANY,

275 N. Main St., Los Angeles.

This company is now prepared to receive orders for all descriptions of lumber, railroad ties, shingles, etc. Subscribers for stock, which will be taken at par for lumber at COST PRICE, will be received by

W. A. VAN DERKROOK, 275 North Main Street, J. C. MERRILL, 113 West First Street, C. A. NURN, R. & CO., 14 North Main Street, P. MERRY & GATES, 10 Court Street, C. B. RIPLEY, Pasadena, ELLIS & SIMPSON, Pasadena.

WILLAMETTE STEAM MILLS

LUMBERING AND MANUFACTURING CO

(Formerly the Oregon Lumber Co.)

OREGON PINE

AND CALIFORNIA REDWOOD LUMBER

Of every description at their new yard

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS FOR UNUSUAL LENGTHS AND DIMENSIONS. Orders solicited.

NEW HOUSE.

Wagon Material, Hard Woods,

Iron, Steel, Horseshoes and Nails,

Blacksmiths' Coal and Tools,

Cabinet Woods, Etc.

JOHN WIGMORE & CO.,

13 & 14 S. Los Angeles Street.

J. A. HENDERSON, President,

J. R. SUTAS, Vice-President and Treas.,

W. F. MARSHALL, Secretary.

SOUTHERN

CALIFORNIA LUMBER COMPANY

LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIAL.

Office and Yard 180 E. First St., Los Angeles, Cal.

THE W. H. PERRY

LUMBER AND MANUFACTURING CO.'S

LUMBER YARD AND PLANING-MILLS

Commercial Street.

Voters, Attention!

DON'T LOSE YOUR VOTE

The Great Register was cancelled March 5, 1888, by order of the Board of Supervisors of Los Angeles county, Cal.

YOU MUST RE-REGISTER

In order to vote at the coming Presidential election. Don't delay, but register at once.

C. H. DUNSMOOR, County Clerk.

Wood and Coal.

COAL, COAL!

The undersigned having several cargoes of

Wellington,

Greta,

Scotch Splint,

Wallend

and

COKE

Due and some discharge, is prepared to sell in CARLOAD LOTS on track.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE

As has PORTLAND CEMENT, PIG IRON and FINE BRICK for sale.

For further particulars inquire of

J. J. MELLUS,

231 Los Angeles Street.

WOOD!

10,000 CORDS.

The Los Angeles Wood Co.

Can deliver carload lots of OAK, JUNIPER and PINE WOOD cheaper than any company or individual in Los Angeles. Telephone 609.

J. J. NAUGHTON, Secy. 144 W. First St.

ARIZONA WOOD COMPANY,

—DEALERS IN—

Cordwood and Pine Kindling.

Yards, cor. Georgia and Garey Sts.

S. G. LAPHAM, TREASURER.

NEWHALL BROS.

WOOD, COAL AND COKE.

119 W. FIFTH ST.

HAY, GRAIN, WOOD AND COAL.

STANBURY BROS. & HARVEY, Fort St., between Fourth and Fifth. Telephone 422.

or individuals in Los Angeles. Telephone 609.

to any part of the city. Patronage solicited.

COAL! WOOD! COAL!

all S. FORT ST., CORNER FOURTH.

Everything in fuel and feed line. Carloads a specialty. Prompt delivery. Family patronage solicited. **DOW & MALLARD.**

CONSULTATION

And all the various diseases of the

HEAD, THROAT AND CHEST.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

Head, Throat and Chest.

ON THE ROCKS.

A Vessel Wrecked Off the Golden Gate.

Odd Fellows Arrive in San Francisco from Los Angeles.

A Federal Official Assassinated at Tombstone, Ariz.

A Sharp Shock of Earthquake at San Francisco—A Drunken Inlander Shot Dead in a Private Residence—Losses by Fire—Base-Ball Games.

By Telegram to the Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] The schooner Pet, which left here yesterday for Albion River, went ashore on the north side of the Golden Gate this morning, and was immediately dashed to pieces. Capt. Pancher, who was in command of her, was aboard at the time, and it is more than probable that he was drowned. The schooner was drifting about all night, as there was no wind, and this morning the lookout at Point Lobos saw a rowboat trying to tow her off the rocks. Later a boat containing the captain's wife and the three seamen of the vessel left her, and a few moments after an immense wave struck her, parting both the cables she had thrown out, and hurling her against the rocks. The schooner broke in two and sank immediately. As the cliffs are steep and high it seems impossible that the captain could have escaped. The schooner was an old vessel and of little value.

BASE-BALL.

Remarkably Brilliant Contest at Stockton—Other Games.

STOCKTON, Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] The Stocktons and Haverlys played a brilliant game of ball today in the presence of a great crowd. The fielding of both teams was of the prettiest kind, while the hitting, in which the Stocktons excelled, came in timely for scoring. While kept the visitors guessing, while "Steady Pete" was not up to his work, being wild, in giving four men bases on balls, and lacking his accustomed cunningness. Ebricht and Stallings did nice work at the receiving end. The latter was most effective with the stick and extremely lively on bases. Powers was credited with a three-bagger on a long hit to center. The Stocktons scored one run in the first inning on a base on balls, an unexpected chance, a single and Haynes' overthrow to first. Singles by Steadman and Stallings, and an error of Hanley in the third inning gave them three additional runs. The Haverlys scored their only run in the third inning. Score: Stocktons, 4; Haverlys, 1.

TEN INNINGS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—At Haight street this afternoon the Pioneers and Oakland played a closely contested 10-inning game, which was witnessed by 11,000 people. Much enthusiasm was displayed, especially in the ninth inning, when, with the score 4 to 2 in favor of the Pioneers, the Oakland tied them. In the tenth inning the Pioneers Purcell was given first on called balls, second and came home on McGlade's hit. The Oakland were retired without a run. Score: Pioneers, 5; Oakland, 4.

EASTERN GAMES.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 23.—Cincinnati, 4; Brooklyn, 8.
KANSAS CITY, Sept. 23.—First game: Kansas City, 14; Baltimore, 5. Second game: Baltimore, 3; Kansas City, 1.
ST. LOUIS, Sept. 23.—St. Louis, 14; Cleveland, 4.
LOUISVILLE, Sept. 23.—First game: Louisville, 9; Athletics, 2. Second game: Athletics, 6; Louisville, 4.

AN INTRUDER SHOT.

Killed While Forcing His Way Into a Private House.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] About 3 o'clock this morning Rudolph Trossin, a cook aged 50 years, was shot and killed on Mission street by Thomas Dawson, a young man about 19 years of age. It appears that Trossin, who had been boarding at Mrs. Dawson's house, was in arrears for several months' board, and not having paid it, he had been ordered from the house. Since then when filled with liquor he would attempt to enter the house. Yesterday he entered the house unobserved and stole from Mrs. Dawson's room a watch he had given her as security for board. Early this morning, after drinking heavily, he tried to force his way into the house. The son, who is weak and sickly, met him at the door and ordered him not to enter. Trossin did not obey, but forced his way up stairs, preceded by a woman who was the head of the stairs, Trossin made a movement as if to draw a revolver, when Dawson drew a pistol, firing four shots into Trossin. The latter then fell down stairs, and died a few hours later.

A COWARDLY CRIME.

A Federal Official Assassinated at Tombstone (Ariz.).

TOMBSTONE (Ariz.), Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] Last night O. C. Smith was fatally shot by Charles Cunningham. It seems that the trouble was a revival of an old feud. Smith was standing on the street conversing with a friend, when Cunningham approached and fired a shot without effect. He fired again, striking Smith, who staggered and fell. While Smith was prostrate, Cunningham fired three more shots, none taking effect. After his arrest, Cunningham said, "I'm the bravest man in America." Smith was well known in Arizona and New Mexico, having held the positions of Deputy United States Marshal and Deputy Sheriff. At present he holds a position in the customs service as rider on the border line.

THE ODD FELLOWS.

Gen. Underwood and Party Arrive in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—[By the Associated Press.] Grand Sire John C. Underwood and party, who have been attending the session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. F., at Los Angeles, arrived here today. They will remain probably until Wednesday, when a majority of the party, including Gen. Underwood, will leave eastward via Portland, Or., and St. Paul. They will stop a day or two at Portland, and the same time at St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Losses by Fire.

MOSCOW (Idaho), Sept. 23.—The sash door and planing mill of W. D. Robbins was destroyed by fire this evening. The supposed origin was a hot box on the top of the building. Loss, \$10,000; insured for \$4000.

MARYSVILLE, Sept. 23.—Fire broke out this morning in the large brick building owned by Mrs. C. E. Ross, and occupied by Tuck Wo & Co., Chinese butchers, and Quong Luan, Chinese general merchandise. It started in the second story among a lot of oil and lard. The building was gutted in the second floor and badly damaged on the ground floor. The total loss to both places is \$8000. The building was insured for \$1500.

Children Killed.

FORT TOWNSEND (Wash.), Sept. 23.—The little 4-year-old son of Capt. Smith of the British bark Pakoman, lumber laden for Melbourne, accidentally fell overboard as the vessel was passing Cape Flattery and was drowned yesterday. The father jumped after his child and was nearly drowned before being rescued.

SACRAMENTO.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 23.—Frank May, a 13-year-old boy, attempted to jump on a passenger train on the railroad bridge this afternoon, was knocked down and received injuries which caused his death.

REV. E. W. CASWELL.

His Last Sermon in the Fort-street M. E. Church.

Rev. E. W. Caswell preached his farewell sermon to the Simpson congregation at the Fort-street M. E. Church last evening. Mr. Caswell's introductory sermon was preached in the Fort-street Church one year ago, and it was eminently fitting that he should conclude at the same place. He took for his text Nehemiah, viii, 10: "The joy of the Lord is your strength," and said:

Holiness and happiness are the ultimate end of existence. God has created man with a capacity for both. They are inseparable. You cannot live a life of devotion to God and to your race without joy. Again, you cannot have great joy without union with God, and that means a life of love and devotion toward all the beings in the universe. Our Father has entered us with this longing desire for bliss because of his loving nature, and because the happy soul is strong, while the sorrowful soul is weak.

This is a law as unchangeable as gravitation—"The joy of the Lord is your strength." Misery of soul develops all the worst faculties of mind, and makes existence a torment. But joy, like a favoring breeze, fills all the sails, and the ship speeds on over the sea of life. Let us first inquire what is not the joy of the Lord. Pleasure, the joy of sensual pleasure gives the lowest kind of happiness. It is against nature, unnatural joy. Such happiness comes to the tobacco slave, the opium-eater and the lover of iniquities. True appetites, like a burning body on which they feed, and remain to torment your soul when there is nothing to gratify them. A wretched hunger for awful pleasure, with no appliances in a future state to feed that appetite, may be the burning flames of hell.

Mirthfulness is not this joy, nor is healthfulness. These are legitimate and good, but are not lasting. They depend on circumstances and surroundings; upon the weather, health, financial condition, friends. When these are all against you, you are miserable without this deep joy of the Lord. Intellectual pleasures are far from the joy of the Lord, else Lord Byron would have been a happy man. As far as Milton is above Byron, this joy is higher than the pleasure of learning. This joy is not mere emotion, burning like a shining fire, but a moment, but like the hard coal, keeping a steady fire of love.

What, then, is this joy? It is supernatural, spiritual. It is the joy of the Lord poured into the heart of the sinner. Inward joy, hidden away from sight of the world, which no man knoweth, save him who receiveth it. It flows from within out, unaltered by the change of outward things, but like the sun, it is God in his soul. "I in Thee and Thou in me." Blessed union of the soul with Jesus. It is the joy of reconciliation, and of communion. How shall we obtain this joy? By the look of faith into the Holy Scriptures. The Bible is a glass reflecting the light of the glory of God into the face of Jesus Christ.

We don't find Jesus in nature, in philosophy and culture—only in the Bible. Here the soul becomes rooted and grounded in love, and grows up a great tree with abundant fruit and joy. When we are loved we are joyful.

Now, there are all grades of this joy, from the faintest glimmer to the flood tide of perfect joy. Jesus says ask and receive, and your joy may be full. John says, I write unto you that your joy may be full. Let us enumerate some of the ways we are strengthened by it. It is our strength in winning souls.

Joy is attractive—sinners wish to be like such a Christian, they are so happy.

Joy aids the minister or lay member by exciting all the powers of the soul to its sublimest action. The mind acts with tenfold energy when under the exhilaration of holy joy. This divine enthusiasm is imparted to the hearer, in the tone of voice, in the tenderness of love, and fires of kindled love over the audience by this electric communication established. The holy spirit operates these human wires to send messages to the soul of man. This, I think, is more than this made Stephen irresistible and Peter mighty. There is a spirit of formalism prevailing which desires only oratorical preaching, with sky-scraping periods and star-dust eloquence, which are soul-destroying as posies in a cornfield. This class of Christians ignore earnestness in the pulpit. They call it emotional religion, negro religion. What they want is culture and intellect, while souls are sliding down the steps of night. Oh, for the thundering tones of rapturous joy breaking out in heavenly halilelujahs, rolling across the sky of formalism and crawling through the forests of wordliness in the churches.

We should preach as though a choir of angels tuned their harp in our breast. No more, then, the holy Ghost gliding forth from the eye and shone from the whole man with the light of the eternal morning on the brow. O, Holy Ghost come down upon us at Pentecost. Then when the joy is fully restored sinners will be converted unto Thee.

It is our strength in sorrow. The Christian will pass through great sorrows in this world and so will the sinner. Many have an idea that religion is a kind of awful thing and are repelled by the thought. Religion is joyful; it is a rainbow on the cloud of sorrow, on the tears of anguish. Many think of a sad and solemn being; but if he had been he would not have joined the marriage feast; neither would the children have run to him who loved him. The prophet tells us that Jesus was anointed with the oil of gladness above his fellows, and this was the way he drew all men to him. He was cheerful and happy, not morose and melancholy.

The people wept when Ezra read the law as they thought of their former glory and of their temple in ruins. They thought also of their sins and mourned because of them, while they should look away to God for joy and salvation. The joy of the Lord is a cure-all for all sorrow. The spirit maketh intercession for us with groanings which cannot be uttered. For He maketh intercession according to the will of God. The tree of joy is rooted in the Bible, but it is like the bayon tree that takes root in the Holy Ghost and springs forth from a new experience of new achievements. Each new experience of joy is a new victor. It is faith working by love and spreading on and on, never leaving the Bible, in the sense of repudiating or contradicting it.

Are your windows open toward Jerusalem? I would rather trust this soul communion conversation between God and his children than the audible voice spoken to Abraham or Moses.

Speech was a medium needed in the early history of the world to communicate with man. Visible manifestations were essential then. But all mediums are liable to become imperfect. A soul can see a body, but a medium, but a soul can see a soul without a medium. God comes and lives in me by the holy communion, and I know who have believed. "He leads me into all truth." This joy of the Lord, the result of holiness, of contact with God, is the moral dynamite which makes me a giant for God. We wipe away all our tears of sorrow. She like David's harp to Saul to my soul. She pacifies my fears, gives a sweet sense of pardon and rest, feeds my soul with the manna of angels, clears my sky of clouds, and leads me through the valleys where the mountains are towering on either side, along the narrow, rugged pathway of time, ever pointing me to the pass in the mountains, where I shall emerge with the plumes of immortal glory, and where is fullness of joy at His right hand forever.

The Coffey Case.

The Coffey case, which was over from Saturday on account of the illness of the prosecuting witnesses, will come up in Justice Austin's court today. This is the case where young Coffey fired two shots at his divorced wife, who is the ticket taker at the Dime Museum. The man is now in the County Jail in default of \$3000 bonds. There has been a good deal of talk about the case during the past week, and much interest is felt in the matter.

Battered His Wife.

Paul Meyer, a German residing on Mateo street, was brought to the police station last night by a couple of citizens, and locked up for assaulting his wife. W. C. McGuire and Nicholas Meisenzahl were booked as witnesses. He will come up before Justice Austin this morning.

THE DAUGHTERS.

HOW THE SISTER ODD FELLOWS ENTERTAINED.

They Received in Their Rooms All Last Week—A Brief Description of Their Doings—The Various Committees and What They Did.

Among the festivities of the week past in honor of the Odd Fellows, there were none more pleasant to remember than the reception daily held in the lodge room by the Daughters of Rebekah. There was ever a welcome there for the visitor of high or low degree, and the ladies were pleased to receive as women always are when they can be doing acts of kindness and hospitality.

Three lodges joined in the business of keeping open house. They were Arbor Vitae, of Los Angeles, Eureka, of East Los Angeles, and Magnolia, of San Bernardino. Under their auspices the lodge room was made a bower of vines and evergreens, drooping from the ceiling and trailing upon the walls. Decorations were made of an appropriate character. At one end of the room was a dove and olive branch, at the other the three golden circles were framed in wreaths of red, white and blue, the moon and seven stars faced the beehive, emblematic of the busy workers who fluttered about the tables. At the end of the hall stood

THE WHITE BANNER.

of the Odd Fellows side by side with that of the Rebekahs.

Down the center of the carpeted room ran the long table on which every day from 11 till 2 or 3 was spread a true lunch to which all visitors were invited. The table appealed not only to the appetite but the eye as well, being decorated with baskets of sumptuous fruit and bouquets of fragrant flowers.

Here all through the week the gentle ladies of their best made their guests enjoy their surroundings, and many thanks did they receive. On Tuesday, the day of the parade, the rooms were fairly thronged, and on every subsequent day great numbers of the Odd Fellows spent there a pleasant hour. Amid all the feasting and drinking and carrying-on, nothing was so enjoyable as the quiet lunch and cup of coffee in the pleasant lodge-room, surrounded by the kindhearted, bright-eyed Daughters of Rebekah.

Mrs. M. E. Rowell, the District Deputy Grand Master of the sisters in this district, was in charge during the week. She is the first of that rank appointed here and is

HIGHEST OF THE ORDER.

In this State. Her jurisdiction includes Arbor Vitae, Eureka and Pasadena lodges. Each day a different committee took charge of the arrangements in town, composed of the three lodges, Arbor Vitae, Eureka and Magnolia, of San Bernardino. Their lodges and the District Grand Master, Rowell, kept everything in good shape.

THE COMMITTEES.

The following were the members of the committees each day from Arbor Vitae Lodge, with the leaders of the other delegations:

Monday, Sept. 17.—Sister Baisley in charge, and Sisters Winters, T. Burkhardt and Holmes, also Miss Petrie of Eureka, and Miss Fleisner of Magnolia lodges.

Tuesday, Sept. 18.—Sister Rowell in charge, and Sisters L. Francis Bratt and A. Fischer, also Mrs. Shear of Eureka, and Mrs. Vail of Magnolia lodges.

Wednesday, Sept. 19.—Sister Wyke in charge, and Sisters D. Fischer, Wallace and T. Burkhardt, also Mrs. Palmer of Eureka, and Mrs. Johnson of Magnolia lodges.

Thursday, Sept. 20.—Sister Sutton in charge, and Sisters Rowell, Robinson and Downie, also Mrs. Lawrence of Eureka, and Miss Moss of Magnolia lodges.

Friday, Sept. 21.—Sister Fitzpatrick in charge, and Sisters Bloemhant, Isaacs and Facal, also Mrs. L. Francis Bratt, and Mrs. Benjamin of Magnolia lodges.

The following are the officers of Arbor Vitae Lodge of Los Angeles: Miss Adelaide Sutton, Noble Grand; Miss Josephine Adams, W. G. M.; Mrs. Thiam Downie, Vice Grand; Mrs. Nora Wallace, Secretary; Mrs. Emma Winters, Chaplain.

The following are the officers of Eureka Lodge of East Los Angeles: Mrs. C. Petrie, Noble Grand; Mrs. Slack, Vice Grand; Mrs. Stockwell, Secretary; Mrs. Bicknell, Chaplain; Mrs. Palmer, Treasurer.

The ladies who conferred the degrees of knighthood, and the degrees of the Junior Adams, Miss Ruby Sinclair, Miss Dora Fyke, Mrs. A. V. Bard and Miss Hattie Martin, all of Arbor Vitae Lodge.

BIOGRAPHIES.

Of Leading Members of the Sovereign Grand Lodge.

Following are brief sketches of a few of the members who were in attendance at the meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge:

W. A. COMLEY, P. G. M. G. R. Mr. W. H. Comley, of Bridgeport, Ct., is a self-made man in every sense of the word, having risen from the shop to the bar.

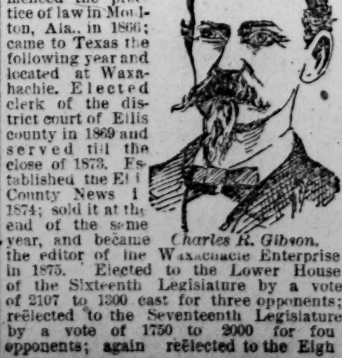
He went to New York in 1870, and in 1877 became an Odd Fellow, being initiated to Pequanock lodge on March 13th of that year. His worth at once came apparent to the members of the lodge, and he was elected step by step to the office of Grand Master of the lodge. Mr. Comley first began the study of law in the office of Wilbur, De Forest & Norman and was admitted to the Fairfield county bar on December 8, 1884. His career as a lawyer has been very successful, and as a general and practitioner would be glad to have such a lucrative practice as that which has fallen to the lot of Mr. Comley. He is in every sense of the word a successful lawyer, as well as an enthusiastic Odd Fellow.

CHARLES R. GIBSON, P. G. M. G. R. Grand Representative Charles R. Gibson of Texas entered the Grand Lodge of Texas in 1877, was elected Grand Master for the year 1880, Deputy Grand Master for the year 1881 and Grand Master for the year 1882; was elected Representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge in 1884 and re-elected by acclamation in 1886. He served on the Committee on "Grand Lodge Representation" in 1884, and has since been on the Judiciary Committee in the Grand Lodge of Texas.

In 1884 Mr. Gibson married a daughter of Col. J. L. Driskill of Austin, Tex., and since that time made his home in that city, being now connected with the school land department of that State.

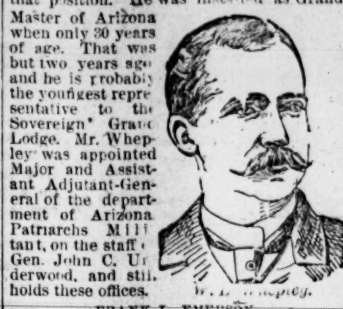
The following is a short biographical sketch of Mr. Gibson: Charles Reece Gibson of Waxahachie, Ellis county, was born in Lawrence county, Alabama, June 21, 1842; was attending the law school at Lebanon, Tenn., at the commencement of the war. He was elected to the practice of law in Missouri, Ala., in 1866; came to Texas the following year and located at Waxahachie. Elected clerk of the district court of Ellis county in 1880, and served till the close of 1873. He established the Ellis County News in 1874; sold it at the end of the same year, and became Charles R. Gibson, the editor of the Waxahachie Enterprise in 1875. Elected to the lower House of the Sixteenth Legislature by a vote of 2107 to 1200 cast for three opponents; re-elected to the Seventeenth Legislature by a vote of 1750 to 2000 for four opponents; again re-elected to the Eighteenth Legislature, by a vote of 2043 to 2035 for three opponents; has always been a Democrat, and was opposed in the last year by a Democrat, an Independent Democrat and a Republican. Was editor of the Waxahachie Mirror in 1881. Elected Speaker of the House of Representatives, Eighteenth Legislature, January 9, 1885. Mr. Speaker Gibson possesses in a high degree those qualities so necessary to an efficient presiding officer, and is admitted to be one of the best parliamentarians in the State. His long experience in legislation, as a member of the House for two full terms, during which he was often called to preside temporarily, gives him that practical knowledge which enables the occupant of the chair to administer even-handed justice to all. His personal worth and an unblemished reputation as a man have gained for him the warm esteem of all who know him.

Mr. W. H. WHELFLEY, G. R. Mr. W. H. Welfley of Arizona is the youngest Past Grand Master who has ever occupied that position. He was installed as Grand Master of Arizona when only 30 years of age. That was but two years ago, and he is probably the youngest representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge. Mr. Welfley was appointed Major and Assistant Adjutant-General of the department of Arizona Patriarchs. He is a member of the staff, Gen. John C. Urdeword, and still holds these offices.



cent Legislature, by a vote of 2043 to 2035 for three opponents; has always been a Democrat, and was opposed in the last year by a Democrat, an Independent Democrat and a Republican. Was editor of the Waxahachie Mirror in 1881. Elected Speaker of the House of Representatives, Eighteenth Legislature, January 9, 1885. Mr. Speaker Gibson possesses in a high degree those qualities so necessary to an efficient presiding officer, and is admitted to be one of the best parliamentarians in the State. His long experience in legislation, as a member of the House for two full terms, during which he was often called to preside temporarily, gives him that practical knowledge which enables the occupant of the chair to administer even-handed justice to all. His personal worth and an unblemished reputation as a man have gained for him the warm esteem of all who know him.

Mr. W. H. WHELFLEY, G. R. Mr. W. H. Welfley of Arizona is the youngest Past Grand Master who has ever occupied that position. He was installed as Grand Master of Arizona when only 30 years of age. That was but two years ago, and he is probably the youngest representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge. Mr. Welfley was appointed Major and Assistant Adjutant-General of the department of Arizona Patriarchs. He is a member of the staff, Gen. John C. Urdeword, and still holds these offices.



FRANK L. EMERSON.

Mr. Emerson is P. G. Patriarch, P. G. Ren, and at present Grand Master of the jurisdiction of Dakota; also on the staff of Maj.-Gen. Soule.

EXPLAINING THE TARIFF.

How a Young Farmer Had His

Opinion on the Tariff Question Expressed. Mr. Oliver Kinsey, vice-president of Post & Co., gave the following opinion of the tariff question in general and the Mills Bill in particular:

"I don't think there can be any too much discussion of this tariff question. It should be brought clearly before the people. Many do not seem to understand it, and are caught by the promises of cheaper goods. Only the other day a young farmer came in here to sell a load of hay. The conversation drifted around to politics. I said to him:

"Are you a Democrat?"

"Yes," said he. "I think the tariff is a tax on the poor man. There is no sense in my having to pay big prices for so many articles. I want to see it stopped."

"But do you know what the effect of this reduction of tariff will be?"

"What do you mean?"

"You want to sell your load of hay. If the Mills Bill passes I will have to shut up shop. I can't afford to buy hay, so you will at least lose one customer. Furthermore, if other many farmers shut up their shops they will have to sell their horses and cows. This will reduce prices of these things, and, besides, you won't be able to get rid of your produce."

"He hadn't thought of that side of it at all."

"The iron market is, as it were, the thermometer of all trade. Big sales and good prices in iron mean lively trade in all departments. And a dull iron market means dull, flat general business. If the Mills Bill passes, the price of labor will have to be reduced in order that the manufacturers may keep running. The price of pig-iron is based on the supposition that one man working alone can produce one ton of pig-iron in 16 days. If he works at \$1.50, the cost of product is \$24. If the price of pig-iron drops to \$12, he can only make 75 cents. And that is what tariff reduction means."

"There are a good many branches of trade in which there is no competition on the other side. A cry has been raised that this duty is unnecessary. But they never think that the English manufacturers have every facility for making these things, and in addition have cheap labor. If a good market is provided for them, they will soon begin to make these articles and sell them there. That is one of England's specialties—to provide for any market that it can reach."

"Free-traders in talking of the advantage of a foreign market forget that in reaping after that the home market may be sacrificed, and the home market, including commerce between the States, is of far greater magnitude than both home and foreign market of any other country. No wonder England casts longing eyes over here."

"Every country should be self-sustaining—should have the resources within itself to make it independent of the world. The Southern Confederacy would have been fighting yet if it had had the manufacturing necessary for the making of powder and cartridges and cannon and also of supplies for the sustenance of life. It was this self-sustaining quality of the North which made it so powerful. And just as soon as the southern ports were closed to the North to give it this country were to be deprived of her manufactures, where would she be in case of a foreign war? As it is now, she is impregnable, and all the vessels of the world blockading her ports could do only a temporary damage."

Fresno Wants a Ship Canal. [Fresno Republican.] A ship canal from Fresno City to deep water at Antioch would wonderfully increase the value of land along the route, both by reason of the benefit of sub-irrigation and as a means of transportation. It would be a paying investment for the farmers for many miles on each side to give one-half of their land to any corporation who would guarantee the construction of such a canal. Freights would necessarily be lower, and this one item would be of vast importance to farmers, the benefits therefrom arising being continual. There is an abundance of water and but few locks would be necessary. The route that seems to present the fewest difficulties is from Fresno to Fish Slough and then down the west side, closely following the foothills. Fresno needs it. The necessity for its construction ought to be plain to a people who have been held down by a railroad that has had no competition. That it would be a profitable investment is patent even to a casual observer. Let us talk up that ship canal and build it.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Odd lot of castoria to San Francisco, by steamship Santa Rosa, Monday, September 24th. Returning, leave San Francisco by steamship City of Puebla, Thursday, September 27th. Fare for round trip, San Pedro to San Francisco and return to San Pedro, including berth and meals on the steamer, only \$2.00. Castoria for Odd Fellows and their families. Cars to connect with Southern Pacific Company's depot at 9 A.M. on Monday. For tickets apply to W. Harris, acting agent, No. 8 Commercial street.

Chalmers & Northrup have removed their headquarters from the corner of Main and Third streets to 149 South Main street.

Walter House, Baker Block, For household goods and elegant wedding gifts at wholesale eastern prices.

Hotels.
HOTEL DEL CORONADO.
San Diego Co., Cal.
The following report shows that one of the great advantages of this delightful spot has as a "resort" in summer, its evenings of temperature. It is such as can be found nowhere else—comparison will show. It is never hot in summer, nor is it never cold during the winter months. Nature has here provided the most genial atmosphere, and every breath inhaled has a most efficacious effect upon the system for the prevention of ill. In this charming climate and such surroundings, visitors feel they are in a veritable terrestrial paradise while stopping at the HOTEL DEL CORONADO.

The Government Bureau at this point for the month of August, 1888.

DATE	TEMPERATURE	WIND	TEMPERATURE
	Daily Mean	Max.	Min.
1	68.0	73.0	62.0
2	68.0	74.0	60.0
3	67.0	72.0	61.0
4	67.5	77.0	61.0
5	67.5	74.0	59.0
6	71.0	75.0	65.0
7	68.5	74.0	62.0
8	67.5	74.0	63.0
9	71.0	76.0	65.0
10	70.0	75.0	65.0
11	69.5	76.0	62.0
12	71.0	76.0	65.0
13	72.0	82.0	65.0
14	70.0	76.0	62.0
15	69.0	75.0	61.0
16	68.4	75.0	63.0

MEAN TEMPERATURE FOR AUGUST IN

YEAR	MEAN TEMPERATURE
1870	68.0
1871	68.0
1872	68.0
1873	68.0
1874	68.0
1875	68.0
1876	68.0
1877	68.0
1878	68.0
1879	68.0
1880	68.0

Excursions.

EXCURSION TO INGLEWOOD.

Monday, September 24, 1888.

ROUND-TRIP TICKETS, FIFTY CENTS.

Trains leave Santa Fe depot, Los Angeles, at 7 a.m. and 9:35 a.m. Returning leave Inglewood at 1 p.m., 2:35 p.m. and 4:34

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

J. M. Weitz, wife and son of Cleveland, O., are registered at the Nadeau.

The Evergreen Irish-American Club is the latest Republican club formed in this city.

The Cuddy men are up a stump. They don't know exactly how to knock the church people out.

More watering carts are needed. Some of the principal streets were as dusty as a country road yesterday afternoon.

Now that the Sovereign Grand Lodge has come and gone, the tin-horn political wire-pullers will show their hands once more.

There are five or six faro games running night and day on Main and Spring streets, and a new outfit was opened up last week.

The Santa Monica and Long Beach trains did a fair business yesterday. The day was quite cool, and travel to the coast was not so good as usual.

All of the Republican clubs in the city and county are now in fine working order, and they promise to make Democratic fury in the near future.

A big excursion went to San Juan by the Santa Fe's Surf last night. These Sunday excursions down the coast are becoming very popular.

All of the churches were crowded yesterday. It was the first cool day that has passed over the city for some time, and the people turned out in force.

The local officers for the Southern Pacific Company will probably move into their new quarters in the big depot in the southern part of the city this week.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office, No. 6 Court street, for the following people: E. H. Poist, George Hatch, and Mike Munk.

This promises to be a busy week in politics. Both sides are preparing for war to the knife, and the candidates have made up their minds to slaughter each other for all that is out.

The libel suit of H. H. Boyce against the Times-Mirror Company, et al., J. Richards will come up for argument in Judge O'Melveny's court in the old court house this morning at 10 o'clock.

Since the City Council adopted a resolution commanding the Board of Police Commissioners not to issue another saloon license until after January 1, 1889, about 50 licenses have been issued.

Ex Deputy Constable Kline was out driving yesterday, when his horse ran away with him. He was thrown violently to the ground, and his left arm was broken above the elbow. The buggy was also smashed up.

The Odd Fellows' tents on Seventh and Fort streets looked quite deserted yesterday. A majority of the visitors left for San Diego on the Coronado excursion last Saturday afternoon. Some of them left for San Francisco yesterday.

The City Council will meet this morning in the City Hall, on Second street, when the Cuddy matter will again come up. It was said by the knowing ones yesterday that eight anti-Cuddy Councilmen will be present, and if such turns out to be the case, the chances are that the fur will fly.

Greenhorns and tenderfeet lost several thousand dollars at the faro tables in this city last week. Ever since the late Democratic County Convention was held, the gamblers have had things their own way. They are spending their money right and left to elect the entire Democratic ticket.

Late yesterday afternoon a big Irishman, who refused to give his name, and an older man between 50 and 60 years of age, who said his name was David Smith, were caught by Deputy Constable Arguello in the act of perpetrating a crime against nature and taken to the County Jail, where the big man pretended to be so drunk that he did not know what he was doing. Both men were locked up.

The woman, Dot Barreto, arrested shortly after 12 o'clock yesterday morning on a charge of vagrancy, after remaining in the City Prison all day yesterday, gave bonds, and was released late last evening. The police say she is out of the way of the town, and has been up before the court a number of times, but has never got into any serious trouble. She will probably leave town as soon as her case is determined.

Deputy Constable A. Arguello ran in a gang of Chitamen yesterday afternoon, charged with gambling. The men, seven in number, were playing dominoes in a house on Negro alley, with open doors, when the Constable rushed in on them and marched them up to the County Jail, where they deposited \$10 each, and were released. The courts have decided half a dozen or more times that dominoes is not gambling under the law, and the police never molest this playing, but the constables occasionally do, and raid them without warning. They need a little pocket money, as it is \$1.35 for each arrest made.

SOCIETY NEWS.

Some Events of the Past Week Briefly Reported.

On last Friday evening a real Spanish dinner was served by Mrs. Henry Bartine at her residence on South Fort street. The dinner was given in honor of the generals now in the city, and the following martial array were present: Genls. Miles, Underwood, Matthews, Albion, Merriman, Frost, Muckle and Nicholson.

GRAND BALL.

The visiting Odd Fellows enjoyed themselves immensely on last Friday night at their grand ball at Arroyo Hall. The affair was as successful as it was crowded, there being over 1200 guests. The ample staff gave everybody comfortable, and Maine Bros. furnished good music.

COVOTE CLUB.

This week is the last week of grace in which the possessors of invitations to the cotillion parties may hesitate to go or not to go. It is safe to predict that there will be but few refusals, and those that will be followed by regrets indeed, for the parties, four in number, are to be the events of the winter season.

CORVOTE CLUB.

The Coyotes had a meeting last night, at which the report on bylaws and house rules were presented and adopted. Nominations to be voted upon next Thursday evening were made as follows: President, C. S. Walton; vice-president, L. E. Cook; secretary, Charles F. Harvey; treasurer, C. E. Gault. The committees are all working heartily and earnestly, and by the end of the week a fair beginning will be made, and the Coyotes will be ready to bark at night.

PERSONAL NOTES.

Mrs. Eva M. Cook, who has been in the north, at San Francisco and camping in the mountains, returned last Wednesday morning, and is again at the Parker.

Los Angeles received yesterday an acquisition to her society circles in the person of Mr. E. P. Ogden, formerly of Salt Lake City, but who will now make this city his home. Mr. Ogden is an old friend and chum of C. S. Walton.

Col. Dunkelberger returned during the week from his long absence in the East.

Miss Jennie Carlisle of San Bernardino, who has been visiting friends in the city, returned last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Gottschalk have returned from their wedding journey, and will be at home to their friends at their residence on Montgomery avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Slanson and Mr. J. Slanson of Figueroa street, returned during the week on an absence of two or three months.

Prof. Ludiam of Ellis College entertained Mr. Alexander Salvini at dinner on Thursday night last, and on the evening previous he was entertained at the California Club by Messrs. Downey Harvey and Harry Gilg.

Wedding cakes a specialty at the American Bakery, corner of First and Main streets. Give your bread a trial.

L. A. Mission removed to Nadeau basement.

Unclassified.

MRS. E. C. FREEMAN—HOME BAKERY. 27 to M. B. C. 1111. Also Borden brown bread and cake every day—on Sunday mornings. 307 S. Spring st.

UNCLASIFIED LITERATURE FREE. 27 to M. B. C. 1111. Also Borden brown bread and cake every day—on Sunday mornings. 307 S. Spring st.

HOUSES BUILT ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN. 27 to M. B. C. 1111. Also Borden brown bread and cake every day—on Sunday mornings. 307 S. Spring st.

HOT BREAD MADE WHOLESOME.

The Royal Baking Powder possesses a peculiar merit that is not possessed by any other leavening agent. Bread, biscuit, cake, muffins, or rolls, made with it may be eaten when hot without inconvenience by persons of the most delicate digestive organs.

With most persons it is necessary that bread raised with yeast should lose its freshness or become stale before it can be eaten with safety. Distressing results also follow from eating biscuit, cake, pastry, etc., raised by the cheap, inferior baking powders that contain lime, alum, phosphates, or other adulterants.

The hot roll and muffin, and the delicious hot griddle cakes, raised by Royal Baking Powder, are as wholesome and digestible as warm soup, meat or any other food.

Another greatly superior quality possessed by the Royal Baking Powder is that by which the preservation of important elements of the flour is effected in raising the bread by the mechanical operation of the gas, without fermentation.

Yeast, and all baking powders that produce the leavening gas by fermentation destroy a portion of those nutritive elements of the flour which are the most healthful and the greatest aids to a perfect assimilation of the food.

The Royal Baking Powder, while perfectly leavening, retains without change or impairment all those elements which were intended by nature, when combined in our bread, to make it literally the staff of life.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses these great qualifications.

To Let.

To Let—Rooms.

The circulation of THE TIMES exceeds over 1000 daily. For everyone who takes the paper 2 or 3 read it out of 1000 readers you ought to find somebody who wants to rent a room.

TO LET—A NICELY-FURNISHED front room; suitable for a gentleman. 13 Wall st. between 10th and 11th st.

TO LET—ROOMS FURNISHED AND unfurnished at 211 S. Spring st., Oct. 1st.

TO LET—ROOMS WITH CHOICE view at Grand ave.

TO LET—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board. 303 Pearl st.

THE LAWRENCE, COR. OF FIFTH and Olive sts. Pleasant furnished rooms.

TO LET—FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED room at 211 S. Spring st., Oct. 1st.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS AT 619 S. Fort st., one block from new P. O.

TO LET—FLAT OF 4 FURNISHED rooms for housekeeping at 111 W. Fifth st.

TO LET—333 S. SPRING ST. FURNISHED rooms, \$1.25 to \$2 per week; nice home.

TO LET—CHEAP FURNISHED ROOMS for a private family. 211 S. Seventh st.

TO LET—THE SOUTHWESTERN, 108 and 109 M. Ave. at: single rooms \$1.00 per week.

TO LET—181 NEW HIGH ST. FURNISHED rooms, en suite or single, with board.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS AT 241 S. Fort st. for a gentleman.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS IN private family. 431 S. Main st.

TO LET—1 NICELY-FURNISHED room. 121 N. Banker Hill ave.

TO LET—ST. HELENA HOUSE, 240 S. Fort st. sun. room, best 3 from 10th st.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS AT 59 Date st.

To Let—Miscellaneous.

A single advertisement in these columns of five lines, costing 25 cents, has brought a hundred answers. Write and advertise.

TO LET—STOCK RANCH OF 6140 acres, near San Luis Obispo; abundance of feed, a d running water the year round; rental \$500 per annum. Address S. H. HENNING, Box 88, Los Angeles, or S. H. BLACKSTOCK, San Luis Obispo.

TO LET—FOR A TERM OF YEARS, business place on Fourth st., near Los Angeles st. 2 stories and 11 first-class rooms, bath, c. o. etc. M. H. MERRIMAN, 94 S. Spring st.

TO LET—A NICE, CHEERFUL OFFICE, floor Times Building. Apply at 208 S. Spring st.

TO LET—40 ACRES NICE LEVEL land on Vermo. tave.; cheap rent. V. B. RICH, room 30, Temp. b. o. c.

TO LET—OFFICE ROOMS TO RENT in California Bank building. Apply at 208 S. Spring st.

Rooms and Board.

Five cents a line in a small price to pay, but it sometimes returns a hundred thousand fold.

MOORE CASTLE, MAIN STREET, between 2nd and 3rd st. of W. H. Wilson. This elegant new building containing 60 rooms, will be opened on or about October 1st. It is now being rented either furnished or unfurnished; also elegant front rooms admirably adapted for offices. The house is under the management of Mrs. Emma Nelson, who was formerly the proprietress of the New Nelson. To secure rooms apply at 208 S. Spring st.

TO LET—325 BELLEVUE AVE. ELEGANT furnished room, with board, in private family; no other rooms.

ARMOUR, 506 FORT ST. OPPOSITE, Mrs. Miles' headquarters; first-class rooms and board.

TO LET—ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT board, in first-class neighborhood. 415 S. Main st.

Unclassified.

HOTEL MEN—WE HAVE THE HOTTEST new building ready for occupancy and desire to lease it to a good party who will furnish and occupy it. It is now being rented either furnished or unfurnished; also elegant front rooms admirably adapted for offices. The house is under the management of Mrs. Emma Nelson, who was formerly the proprietress of the New Nelson. To secure rooms apply at 208 S. Spring st.

TO CONTRACTORS—1 WILL EXCHANGE 20 acres in Buena Park, near Santa Fe Springs, for a lot in Los Angeles. Call on T. C. MARKS, at Hoff and Chicago sts., East Los Angeles.

"ALL RIGHT" IF YOU HAVE anything or anything else to sell, with EDWIN A. RICK & CO. S. Main st. salesroom, 111 W. First st. They will give you the best price.

FOR SALE—AT THE TIMES OFFICE, new newspapers at very low rates, in large quantities.

—GREAT—

Auction Sale

—OR—

FINE BOOTS AND SHOES!

To make room for our fall stock.

\$15,000 Worth of Fine Boots and Shoes to be Sold Regardless of Cost!

—AT—

A. S. McDONALD'S,

46 NORTH SPRING ST.

Sale will commence TOMORROW (FRIDAY) EVENING, at 6:30, and continue until goods are sold. Private sale every day at reduced prices.

H. H. MATLOCK, Auctioneer.

LIEBIG COMPY'S EXTRACT

OF BEEF. Finest and Cheapest Meat Flavouring Stock for Soups, Malt Dishes and Sauces. Annual sale, 5,000,000 jars.

LIEBIG COMPY'S EXTRACT

OF BEEF. An invaluable tonic. "Is a success and a boon for which nations should feel grateful."—See "Medical Press," "Lancet," etc.

Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label. The title "Baron Liebig" having been largely used by dealers with no connection with Baron Liebig, the public are informed that the Liebig Company alone can offer the article with Baron Liebig's guarantee of genuineness.

LIEBIG COMPY'S EXTRACT

OF BEEF. To be had of all Storekeepers, Grocers and Chemists. Sole Agents for the United States (wholesale only): David & Co., 3 Finchurch Avenue, London, England.

THE ONLY RELIABLE

OPTICAL ESTABLISHMENT,

64 North Main Street.

If you have defective eyes and value them, go to the OPTICAL INSTITUTION for your eyes examined and eyes glasses. It is the only establishment on the southern part of this coast where they are measured on thorough scientific principles. Lenses ground to order if necessary to correct each particular case. No visual defect, where glasses are required, too small for us. We guarantee our fitting to be absolutely perfect.

LOS ANGELES OPTICAL INSTITUTION.

No. 64 North Main Street.

STRASSBURG & MAISELUTZ.

A full assortment of artificial eyes always kept on hand.

Wood Wheel \$3.00

Steel Wheel \$7.00

LARGE ASSORTMENT ALL PRICES.

At W. S. Allen's Furniture and Carpet Store

82 S. Spring Street.

Wood Wheel \$3.00

Steel Wheel \$7.00

LARGE ASSORTMENT ALL PRICES.

At W. S. Allen's Furniture and Carpet Store

82 S. Spring Street.

Furniture.

LOS ANGELES

Furniture Co.

Largest Salesrooms, 3 Mammoth Floors,

—ON WHICH IS EXHIBITED—

FURNITURE

For use in Parlor, Hall, Bedroom, Dining

Room, Office, Library, Etc.,

In all styles all kinds of woods, all grades, finest to cheapest.

Carpets, Mattings, Linoleums, Rugs.

—LATEST AND CHOICEST STYLES.—

NEWEST COLORINGS. LARGEST SELECTION.